AN INTRODUCTION TO THE

SCIENCE OF ISLAMIC ETHICS

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INTRODUCTION to the Course

"The human being stands between two extremes of either being the lowest of the low descending lower than the wild animals or elevating themselves to the zenith of perfection in which they surpass even the greatest of angels. The journey between these extremes takes place under the shadow of purification (tazkiyah) and ethics (akhlaq) - an obligation which all Muslims must pursue."

INTRODUCTION to the Course

"The Islamic tradition has tens of sciences which a believer tries to master, however all other branches of knowledge a Muslim seeks will obstruct their path towards spiritual insight and reaching Allāh 556 if they are not carried out after having first purified and taken firm control of the soul. The theory of how this is carried out is taught in the Science of Ethics ('Ilm al-Akhlaq)."

INTRODUCTION to the Course

"As akhlaq is the active practice of the virtues, morality and manners which Islam has laid down through the Quran and the life of Prophet Muhammad , the believer needs to have an excellent understanding of this discipline."

INTRODUCTION to the Course

When 'Abdullah ibn Sinan asked Imam al-Sadiq Wil: "Is the human better or the angels?" The Imam replied: "The Commander of the Faithful Will said, 'Allah, the Exalted, gave the angels **intellect** without **desire**; He gave the animals **desire** without **intellect**, and He gave **both** to the offspring of Adam. So, a person whose *intellect* prevails over his *desire* is better than the angels; while a person whose *desire* prevails over his *intellect* is worse that the beasts."" (Bihar al-Anwar, Vol. 60, Pg. 299, Trad. 5)

الإمامُ الصَّادقُ (عَلَيهِ السَّلامُ) وقد سألَهُ عبدُ الله بنُ سِنانِ: الملائكةُ أفضلُ أمْ بَنو آدمَ؟ قالَ قال:أميرُ المؤمنينَ عليّ بنُ أبي طالبِ (عَلَيهِ السَّلامُ) إنّ الله عزّ وجلّ ركّبَ في الملائكة عقلاً بلا شَهوةٍ، وركّبَ في البهائمِ شَهوةً بلا عقلِ، وركّبَ في بني آدمَ كِلْتَيْهما، فمَنْ غلَبَ عقلُهُ شهوتَهُ فَهُو خيرٌ مِن الملائكة، ومَن غلَبتْ شَهوتُهُ عقلَهُ فهُو شَرّ من البهائم

SESSION Outline



SPECIFIC Technical Terms

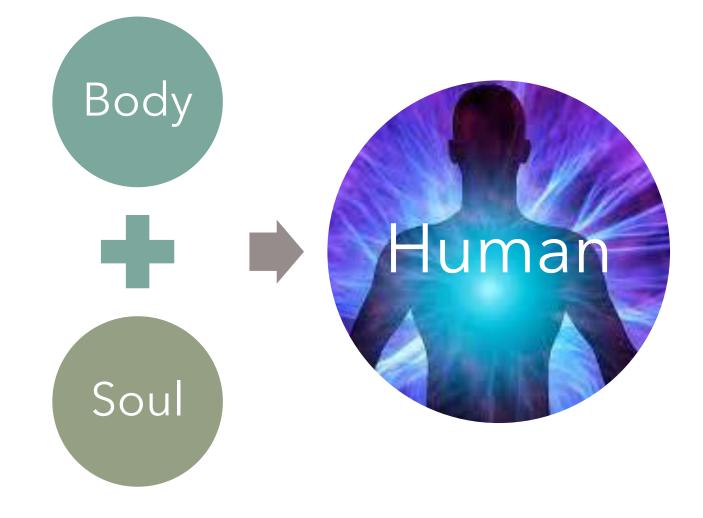
1. Khalq (خَلْق): Physical Traits

 Ouran: "ثُمَّ أَنْشَأْنَاهُ خَلْقًا آخَرَ" - Then We have caused it to grow into another creation. (Sūrah al-Mu'minoon (23), Verse 14)

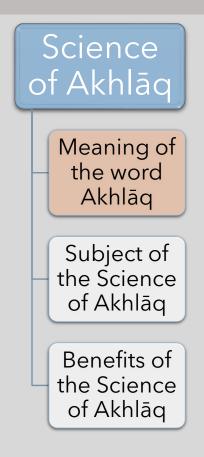
2. Khulq (خُلْق): Spiritual/Ethical Traits

Ouran: "وَإِنَّكَ نَعَلَىٰ خُلُقٍ عَظِيم - And most surely you (Muhammad)
have the most exalted character. (Sūrah al-Qalam (68), Verse 4)

REALITY of the HUMAN BEING



OVERVIEW of the Discussion



DEFINITION of the word Akhlāq

Science of Akhlāq

> Meaning of the word Akhlāq

The word "Akhlāq" is the plural of "khulq" and it is defined as: "A fixed spiritual state (malaka) of the human soul which leads to the individual performing the appropriate actions related to the situation they find themselves in without the need to think or reflect on the action."

DEFINITION: Malaka (Disposition)

The disposition (malaka) of the soul is the source of everything a person performs spontaneously without thinking about it. Malaka is a property of the soul which comes into existence through repetitive practice and is not easily destroyed. A particular disposition (malaka) may appear in human beings because of one of the following reasons:

DEFINITION: Malaka (Disposition) **1. Natural trait:** Some people are "born" with 'natural' traits.

2. Habit: Formed through continual repetition of certain acts.

3. Conscious effort: Something actively done when required.

DEFINITION: Akhlāq and an Example

EXAMPLE:

A person who has the trait of generosity (*sakhāwah*) ingrained in his soul, would not need to think twice before financially helping in a worthy cause that they are told about or in giving their time for humanity.



DEFINITION: Elaboration on Akhlāq - 1

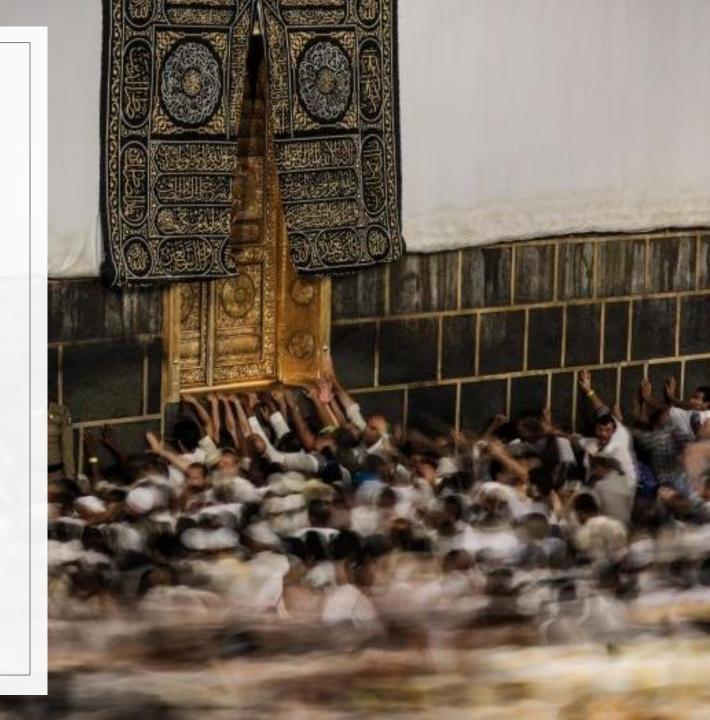
"Morality (akhlāq), then, is the inner face and reality of the person. If their morality is good, God-pleasing, and characterized by good qualities - as defined by Islam, their human face will be beautiful and Divinely touched, and if their morality is reprehensible, disliked, and characterized by vile traits, their inner face will be ugly and animalistic."

DEFINITION: Elaboration on Akhlāq - 2

Sadr al-Muta'alliheen Shirazi, one of the Muslim philosophers, said: "At birth, the human being is an actual animal and a **potential** human being, and they determine their own destiny. Therefore, if they can control the faculties of lust and anger by following reason and the *shari'a*, and use them according to the command of Allah and the intellect, then their inner face will become human. However, if they gives in to their lust, their inner face will be transformed into a predatory animal, and if they submit to the power of anger, they will transform their inner-self into a satanic beast."

STORY on the innerreality of Akhlāq - 1

Story of Imam 'Alī ibn al-Husayn Zayn al-Abideen and Abu Basir in 'Arafāt during the Hajj season



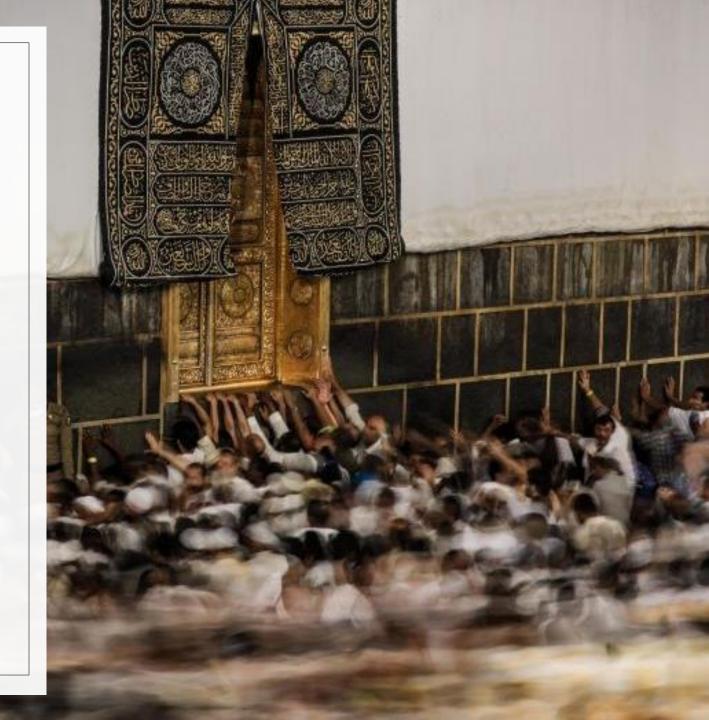
STORY on the innerreality of Akhlāq - 2

Abu Basir:

ما اكثر الحجيج و اعظم الضجيج How large the number of pilgrims and how great is the sound (they are making!)

Imam al-Sajjad Kill:

ما اكثر الضجيج واقلّ الحجيج How great the sound (they are making) however how few are the pilgrims!

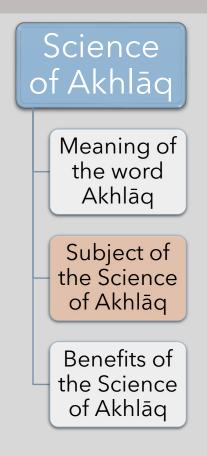




SUMMARY of the Science of Ethics

In short, the Science of Ethics is a science that teaches the person how to become a person and how to live life for them to become a real human being from the point of view of their outer face, as well as the inner face.

SUBJECT of the Science of Akhlāq



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Science of Akhlāq

> Subject of the Science of Akhlāq

The soul of the person.

WHAT is the Soul/Spirit?

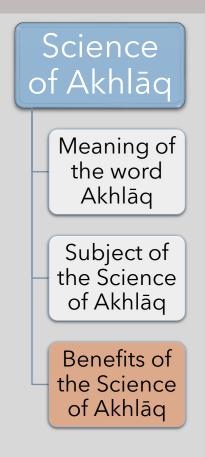
Nafs (soul) and Ruh (spirit) used interchangeably in Islam. The soul (nafs) is that heavenly essence which employs the body and uses its various organs to attain its goals and purposes. The soul has also other names as spirit (ruh), intelligence (`aql), and heart (qalb) although these terms have other usages as well.

WHAT is the Soul/Spirit?

وَيَسْأَلُونَكَ عَنِ الرُّوحِ⁶ قُلِ الرُّوحُ مِنْ أَمْرِ رَبِّي وَمَا أُوتِيتُمْ مِنَ الْعِلْمِ إِلَّا قَلِيلًا

They ask you (O Muhammad) about the soul/spirit *(al-ruh)*. Say (to them in response): 'The soul/spirit is of my Lord's Command, and of knowledge, you have been granted only a little." (17:85)

BENEFITS of the Science of Akhlāq



BENEFITS of the Science of Akhlāq

Science of Akhlāq

> Benefits of the Science of Akhlāq

The benefit of studying the Science of Islamic Ethics is to be able to recognize the good and virtuous attributes and learning how to achieve them. It also allows us to recognize the unpleasant traits and the way to prevent and treat them, and in case of infection, how to purify ourselves from them.

IMPORTANCE of the Study of Akhlāq

The Value of Good Morals in Islam:

The Ultimate Goal Behind Sending

the Prophets

OURAN and the Role & Priority of Akhlāq هُوَ الَّذِى بَعَثَ فِي الْأُمِّيِّينَ رَسُولًا مِنْهُمْ يَتْلُو عَلَيْهِمْ آيَاتِهِ وَيُزَكِّيهِمْ وَيُعَلِّمُهُمُ الْكِتَابَ وَالْحِكْمَةَ وَإِنْ كَانُوا مِنْ قَبْلُ لَفِي ضَلَالٍ مُبِينٍ

He it is Who has sent among the unlettered ones a Messenger of their own, reciting to them His Revelations, and purifying them (of false beliefs and doctrines, and sins, and all kinds of uncleanness), and instructing them in the Book and the Wisdom, whereas before that they were indeed lost in obvious error. (62:2)

OURAN and the Role & Priority of Akhlāq

Purification Precedes

Education

وَنَفْسٍ وَمَا سَوَّىٰهَا (فَأَلَّهَمَهَا فُجُورَهَا وَتَقُوَىٰهَا)قَدَ أَفْلَحَ مَن زَكَّىٰهَا (وَقَدْ خَابَ مَن دَسَّىٰهَا)

And the human selfhood and that Who has formed it to perfection; and Who has inspired it with the conscience of what is wrong and bad for it and what is right and good for it: He is indeed prosperous who has grown it in purity. And he is indeed lost who has corrupted it. (91:7-10)

OURAN and the Need for Akhlāq

THE HADITH AND THE IMPORTANCE OF AKHLAQ The Major Jihād (Struggle)

HADITH and the Importance of Akhlāq

Imam Ali 🕮 relates: "The Messenger of Allāh 🗯 dispatched troops [to a mission]. On seeing the returning armies from the battlefront, he said, 'Blessed are those who have performed the lesser jihad and have yet to perform the greater jihad.' When asked, 'O Messenger of Allah, what is the greater *jihad*? The Prophet replied, 'The *jihad* of the self, and added, 'The best *jihad* is that of one who combats his own self that is between his two sides." (Ma'ani al-Akhbar, pg. 160, trad. 1)

الإمام علي (عَلَيه السَّلامُ): إنَّ رسولَ الله (صَلَّى اللهُ عَلَيه وَ آله) بَعثَ سَرِيَّةً، فلَمَّا رَجَعوا قالَ: مَرْحَبا بِقَوم قَضَوا الجِهادَ الأَصْغَرَ وبَقيَ علَيهِمُ الجِهادُ الأَكْبَرُ. قيلَ: يا رسولَ الله، وما الجهادُ الأَكْبَرُ؟ قالَ: جهادُ النَّفْس. وقالَ (عَلَيه السَّلامُ): أَفْضَلُ الجهاد مَن جَاهَدَ نَفْسَهُ الّتي بِينَ

CONCLUSION

- 1. The Science of Akhlāq is perhaps the most important study in Islam.
- 2. As the human is made of body and soul, just as it is important to maintain the physical body and protect it from harms, so too the soul must be protected from harms.
- 3. The human being can either descend to be worse than the animals or ascend to be even greater than the angels.
- 4. Akhlāq is not something which a person 'does', it is what they 'live' good morals must be ingrained in the psyche.
- 5. Studying the Science of Ethics and then working to implement its teachings in our lives was the reason for the sending of 124,000 Prophets.

SESSION Two: Friday December 10th, 2021



2 IS ETHICS RELATIVE OR ABSOLUTE? THE ROLE OF RELIGION IN ETHICS